



Development And Deployment Using The Jini™ Network Technology Starter Kit – Tips, Tools, And Idioms

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Presentation Agenda – Part I

- Patterns for development
 - For services and clients
- A simple example service
- A simple example client
- Patterns and tools for deployment
 - Preferred classes
 - ClassDep tool
 - Packaging for deployment
 - Configuration for JRMP and Jini ERI (JERI)
 - Security policy (JRMP and JERI)

Presentation Agenda – Part II

- Deploying for secure remote communication using Jini ERI/JSSE
 - Service and client configuration
 - Service and client policy
- Debugging
 - Some random tips
 - DebugDynamicPolicyProvider
- Deploying the example with network security and JERI/JSSE



Some Useful Patterns For Development



Common Service Pattern

- Retrieve configuration
- Establish Subject (login)
- Initialize (from configuration)
- Discover and join lookup service(s)
 - Manage renewal of **received** leases (tenant)
 - LeaseRenewalManager
 - JoinManager
- Service client requests
- Typically long lived

Common Client Pattern

- Retrieve configuration
- Establish Subject (login)
 - Execute all code inside `doAsPrivileged` block
- Initialize (from configuration)
- Discover services – known interfaces
 - Discover lookup service(s)
 - Query lookup(s) and/or register for events
 - `ServiceDiscoveryManager` (SDM)
- Use the discovered service(s)
 - Manage renewal of received leases (tenant)
- Can be short lived or long lived

Exporters And Proxy Preparers

- If a service or client has a remote object (if it **provides** a proxy), then configure an exporter
 - Service backend
 - Remote admins
 - Listeners that receive remote events
- If a service or client **receives** a proxy then retrieve and apply proxy preparer
 - The helper utilities take care of a lot of proxy preparation details for you

Compilation

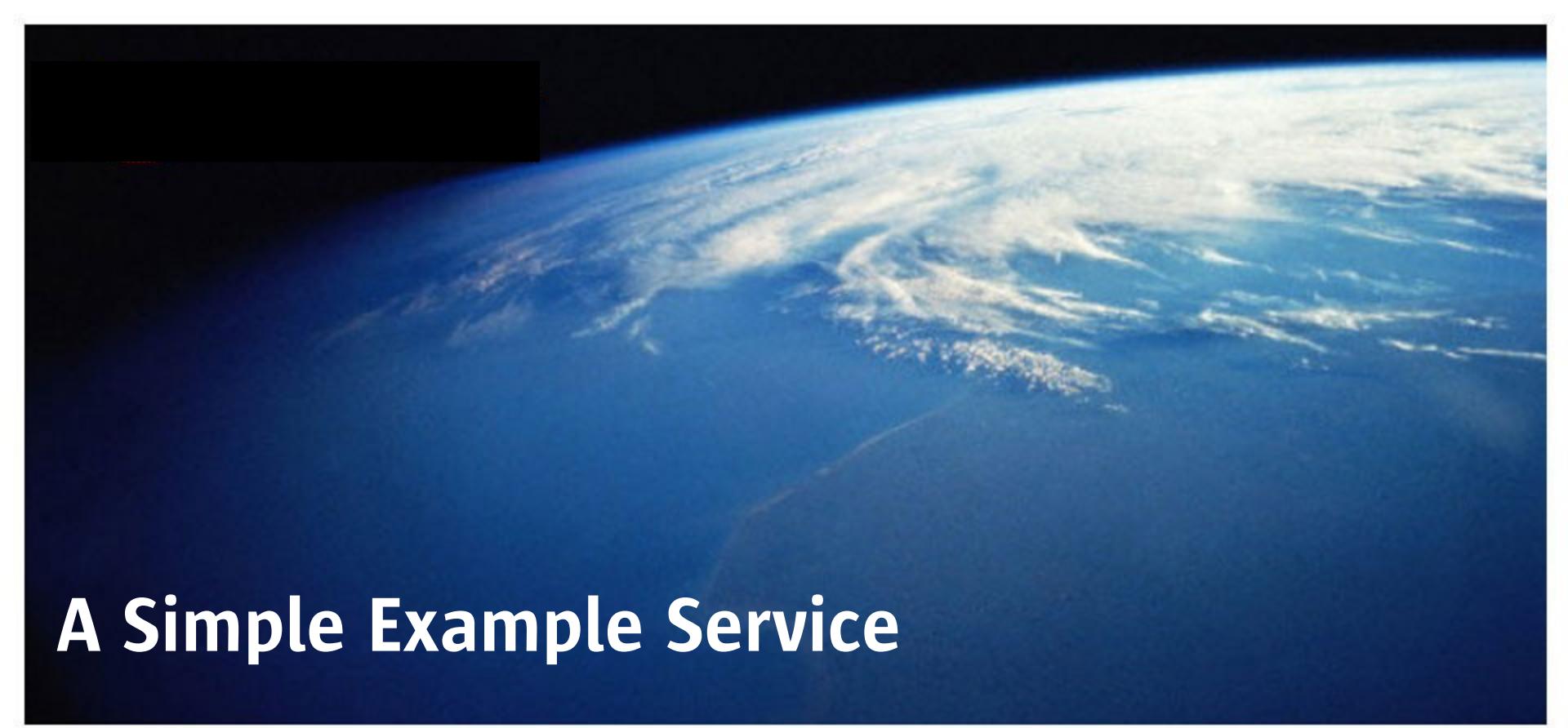
- Starter kit currently optimized for deployment (lib/*.jar)
 - Expand starter kit jar files to <classes> directory
 - jsk-platform.jar
 - jini-ext.jar
 - sun-util.jar
 - start.jar
 - Expand remaining jar files if you're going to recompile the starter kit itself
- Compile against <classes> directory
- But build for deployment

Smart Proxy Pattern – Frontend

- ServiceInterface (non-Remote)
 - Well known public methods (service's resources)
 - What's advertised/searched on in lookup services
 - Specifies remote and non-remote methods
- ServiceProxy (primary)
 - Implements ServiceInterface
 - Administrable
- ServiceAdminProxy (secondary)
 - JoinAdmin
 - DestroyAdmin

Smart Proxy Pattern – Backend

- RemoteServiceInterface
 - Defines private protocol between client-side proxies (frontend) and the server (backend)
 - Implements:
 - Remote
 - Administrable
 - JoinAdmin
 - DestroyAdmin
- ServiceImpl
 - Implements RemoteServiceInterface
 - The 'server' or service's 'backend'



A Simple Example Service



Service Recipe

- Specify resource(s) provided by service
 - Leased or not leased?
- Specify public interface
- Define proxies
- Define remote interface
- Define service implementation
 - Boilerplate code
 - Service-specific code
 - Support code

Service Interface

- What clients know about and search on

```
package examples.sunw;

import java.rmi.RemoteException;

public interface Service {

    public double getIPO();

    public double getPrice()
        throws RemoteException;
}
```

Smart Proxy Structure

- Fields
 - Inner proxy (reference to the backend server)
 - UUID for service equality
- Static factory and private constructor
 - Allows for RemoteMethodControl
- Methods required by the interfaces
- Methods for good “proxy behavior”
 - hashCode and equals
 - Serialization-related methods

Smart Proxy

```
package examples.sunw;

class ServiceProxy implements Service, ReferentUuid,
    Administrable, Serializable
{
    .....
    public static ServiceProxy createServiceProxy
        (RemoteService innerProxy,
         Uuid proxyID,
         double ipo)
    {
        if(innerProxy instanceof RemoteMethodControl) {
            return new ConstrainableServiceProxy
                (innerProxy, proxyID, ipo, null);
        } else {
            return new ServiceProxy
                (innerProxy, proxyID, ipo);
        }//endif
    }
    private ServiceProxy(...) { /* constructor */ }
    .....
```

Methods From The Interfaces

.....

```
/* From public service interface */
public double getIPO() {
    return ipo;
}

public double getPrice() throws RemoteException {
    return innerProxy.getPrice();
}

/* From ReferentUuid interface */
public Uuid getReferentUuid() {
    return proxyID;
}

/* From Administrable interface */
public Object getAdmin() throws RemoteException {
    return innerProxy.getAdmin();
}

.....
```

For Good Proxy Behavior

```
.....
public int hashCode() {
    return proxyID.hashCode();
}
public boolean equals(Object obj) {
    return ReferentUuids.compare(this,obj);
}

private void readObject(ObjectInputStream s)
    throws IOException, ClassNotFoundException
{
    s.defaultReadObject();
    // throw InvalidObjectException if
    // innerProxy is null
}
private void readObjectNoData()
    throws IOException
{
    throw InvalidObjectException("no data");
}
.....
```

Supporting Constraints

```
static final class ConstrainableServiceProxy
    extends ServiceProxy, implements RemoteMethodControl {
    .....
    private ConstrainableServiceProxy(...) {
        super(constrainServer(innerProxy, constrs),
              proxyID, ipo);
        this.methodConstraints = constrs;
    }//end constructor

    public RemoteMethodControl setConstraints(...) {...}
    public MethodConstraints getConstraints(...) {...}

    private ProxyTrustIterator
        getProxyTrustIterator(...) {...}
    private readObject(...) throws ... {
        s.defaultReadObject();
        ConstrainableProxyUtil.
            verifyConsistentConstraints(...);
    }
}//end subclass ConstrainableServiceProxy
}//end class ServiceProxy
```

Smart Proxy Trust Verifier

```
package examples.sunw;
/* appropriate import statements */

final class ProxyVerifier implements Serializable,
    TrustVerifier
{
    ProxyVerifier(...) {...}

    public boolean isTrustedObject
        (Object obj,
         TrustVerifier.Context ctx)
        throws RemoteException
    {
        .....
        /* If input proxy is 'equivalent' to canonical
         * inner proxy (same constraints) and backend
         * server's ID is equivalent to input proxy's
         * ID, return true; else return false.
        */
    }
} //end class ProxyVerifier
```

Backend Structure

- Remote service interface
 - Remote methods from public service interface
 - Remote admin methods
- Service implementation
 - Implements remote service interface
 - Service specific code
 - Admin code
 - Boilerplate code
 - Private support code

Backend Boilerplate

- ServiceStarter ready
 - LifeCycle – generally long-lived
- Initialization
 - Retrieve configuration
 - Login
 - Export
 - JoinManager
- Cleanup on exit

Remote Service Interface

```
package examples.sunw;

/* appropriate import statements */

interface RemoteService extends Remote,
    Administrable, JoinAdmin, DestroyAdmin
{

    public double getPrice()
        throws RemoteException;

}
```

Service Implementation

```
package examples.sunw;

class RemoteServiceImpl implements RemoteService {
    private LifeCycle lifeCycle;//for ServiceStarter
    private Configuration config;
    private LoginContext loginContext;
    .....
    RemoteServiceImpl(String[] args,
                      LifeCycle lifeCycle)
                      throws Exception
    {
        this.lifeCycle = lifeCycle;
        try {
            init(args);
        } catch (Throwable e) {
            cleanupOnExit();
            //rethrow the exception to ServiceStarter
        }
    }//end constructor
    .....
```

Methods From The Interfaces

.....

```
/* From remote service interface */
public double getPrice() { ... }
```

```
/* From Administrable interface */
public Object getAdmin() {
    return AdminProxy.createAdminProxy
        (innerProxy, proxyID);
}
```

```
/* From JoinAdmin interface */
public Entry[] getLookupAttributes() {...}
public void addLookupAttributes(Entry[] attrSets) {...}
.....
```

```
/* From DestroyAdmin interface */
public void destroy() { ... }
```

.....

Backend Boilerplate - init()

.....

```
private void init(String[] args) throws Exception {
    config = ConfigurationProvider.getInstance
        (args,
         (this.getClass()).getClassLoader() );
    try {
        loginContext
        = (LoginContext)Config.getNonNullEntry
            (config,
             COMPONENT_NAME,
             "loginContext",
             LoginContext.class);
        initWithLogin(config, loginContext);
    } catch (NoSuchEntryException e) {
        doInit(config);
    }
}//end init
.....
```

Backend Boilerplate – initWithLogin()

```
.....  
private void initWithLogin(...) throws Exception {  
    loginContext.login(); //authenticate Subject  
    try {  
        Subject.doAsPrivileged (  
            loginContext.getSubject() ,  
            new PrivilegedExceptionAction() {  
                public Object run()  
                    throws Exception {  
                        doInit(config);  
                        return null;  
                } //end run  
            }, //end PrivilegedExceptionAction  
            null  
        ); //end doAsPrivileged  
  
    } catch (Throwable t) {  
        /* Handle Throwable appropriately */  
    }  
} //end initWithLogin  
.....
```

Backend Boilerplate – doInit()

```
private void doInit(...) throws Exception {
    proxyID = UuidFactory.generate();
    serviceID = new ServiceID
        (proxyID.getMostSignificantBits(),
         proxyID.getLeastSignificantBits());

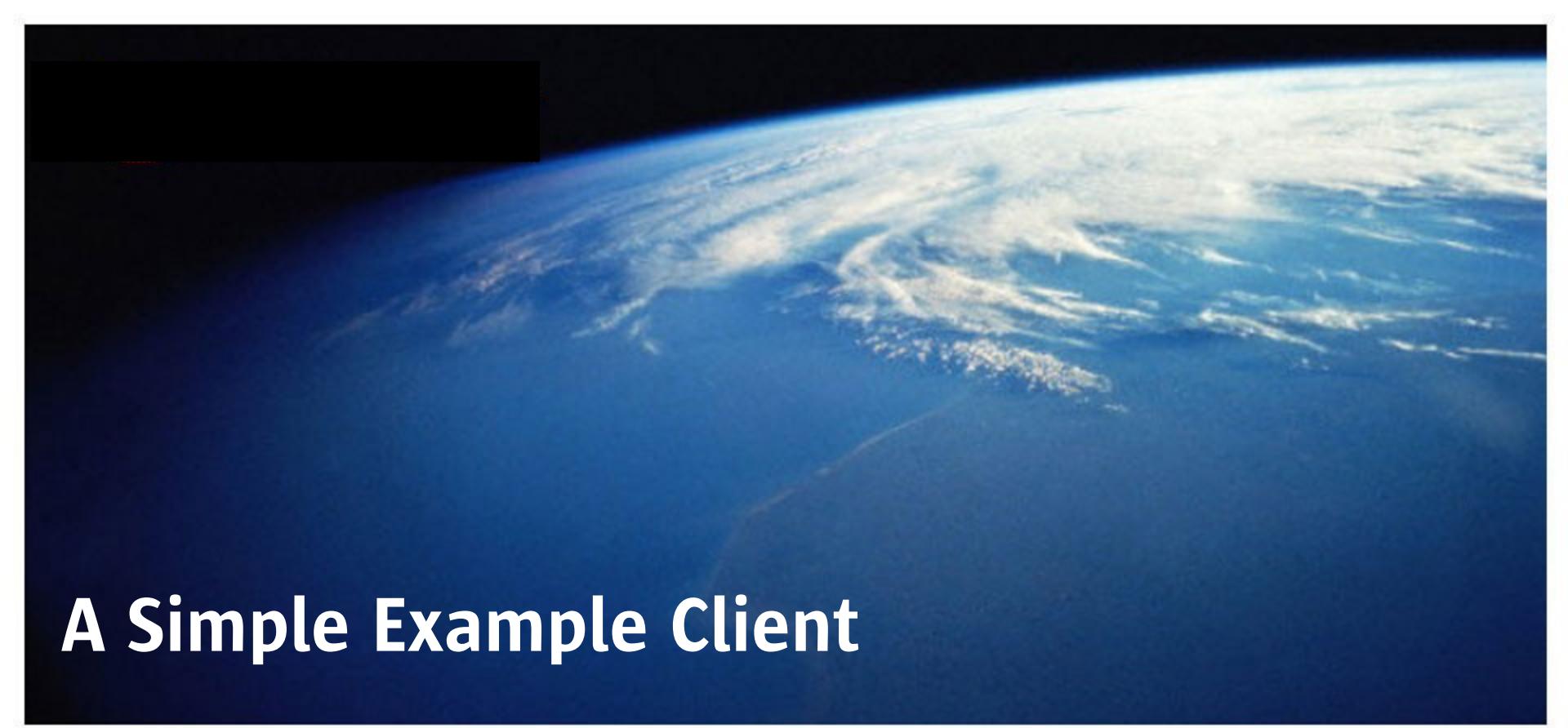
    serverExporter =
        (Exporter)Config.getNonNullEntry
            (config, COMPONENT_NAME,
             "serverExporter", Exporter.class,
             defaultExporter);
    innerProxy =
        (RemoteService)serverExporter.export(this);
    outerProxy = ServiceProxy.createServiceProxy
        (innerProxy, proxyID, ipo);

    joinMgr = new JoinManager
        (outerProxy, serviceAttrs,
         serviceID, ldm, null, config);
}

//end doInit
```

Backend Boilerplate – Cleanup

```
.....
private void cleanupOnExit() {
    if(innerProxy != null) {
        try {
            serverExporter.unexport(true);
        } catch(Throwable t) { /* ignore */ }
    }
    if(joinMgr != null) {
        try {
            joinMgr.terminate();
        } catch(Throwable t) { /* ignore */ }
    }
    if(ldm != null) {
        try {
            ldm.terminate();
        } catch(Throwable t) { /* ignore */ }
    }
}//end cleanupOnExit
.....
}//end class RemoteServiceImpl
```



A Simple Example Client



Simple Client Structure

- Boilerplate code
 - Initialization
 - Retrieve configuration
 - Login – execute all code inside `doAsPrivileged` block
 - `ServiceDiscoveryManager/LookupCache`
 - Proxy preparer/`ServiceItemFilter`
 - Private support code
 - Cleanup on exit
- Discover and use targetted service(s)
- Different life cycle than service
 - Generally user controlled

Client Implementation

```
package examples.sunw;

/* appropriate import statements */

class Client {
    .....
    private DiscoveryManagement      ldm;
    private ServiceDiscoveryManager sdm;
    private LookupCache              cache;
    .....
    Client(String[] args) throws Exception {
        try {
            doInit(args);
        } catch(Throwable e) {
            cleanupOnExit();
            //rethrow the exception to main
        }
    }//end constructor
    .....
```

Client Boilerplate – main()

```
public void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
    try {
        config = ConfigurationProvider.getInstance(...);
        try {
            // get loginContext from config
            loginContext.login();
            Subject.doAsPrivileged (
                loginContext.getSubject(),
                new PrivilegedExceptionAction() {
                    public Object run() throws Exception {
                        Client thisClass = new Client(config);
                        thisClass.runClient();
                        return null;
                    }//end run
                },//end PrivilegedExceptionAction
                null
            );//end doAsPrivileged
        } catch(NoSuchEntryException e) { //no Subject
            Client thisClass = new Client(config);
            thisClass.runClient();
        }
    } catch(Throwable e) { e.printStackTrace(); }
}//end main
```

Client Boilerplate – doInit()

```
.....  
private void doInit(...) throws Exception {  
  
    //get config items: servicePreparer, ldm  
  
    sdm = new ServiceDiscoveryManager  
        (ldm, null, config);  
  
    Class[] serviceType =  
        new Class[] {examples.sunw.Service.class};  
    ServiceTemplate tmpl =  
        new ServiceTemplate(null, serviceType, null);  
  
    cache = sdm.createLookupCache  
        (tmpl,  
         new CacheFilter(servicePreparer),  
         new CacheListener());  
}  
//end doInit  
.....
```

Client Boilerplate – Cleanup

```
private void runClient() throws Exception {
    try {
        //discover lookups & service, use service
    } finally {
        cleanupOnExit();
    }
}//end runClient

private void cleanupOnExit() {
    if(sdm != null) {
        try {
            sdm.terminate();
        } catch(Throwable t) { /* ignore */ }
    }
    if(ldm != null) {
        try {
            ldm.terminate();
        } catch(Throwable t) { /* ignore */ }
    }
}//end cleanupOnExit
}//end class Client
```



Deployment – Some Useful Idioms, Guidelines And Tools



Building For Deployment

- Preferred Classes
 - PREFERRED.LIST
 - service-dl.jar, client-dl.jar
- ClassDep
 - ClassDep output sent to 'jar' command
 - Not automatic, must pick 'roots'
 - Provide starting points ('roots')
 - Provide packages to include
 - Provide packages to exclude (platform)
 - Provide packages to hide
- Packaging
 - service.jar, service-dl.jar, client.jar client-dl.jar

Preferred Classes

- Bypasses 'load-local-first' mechanism
 - If a class is marked 'preferred', and it is available both locally and remotely, the remote version (the preferred version) will be loaded
 - If the class is only local, an exception occurs
- Mark 'preferred' anything the client side should not know about during development (compile time)
 - Client side generally knows about
 - Interfaces and utilities from net.jini
 - Administrative interfaces from com.sun.jini
 - Public interfaces from service(s) of interest

Preferred Lists – Idiom

- Create a directory named META-INF
 - <sunw>/META-INF
 - For anything that exports a remote object (proxies, leases, listeners, etc.)
- Create PREFERRED.LIST file in META-INF
 - Associated with the codebase
 - Included in the META-INF directory of the *-dl JAR file
 - Mark all preferred, then selectively backoff
 - com/sun/jini/start/*
 - com/sun/jini/admin/*
 - net/jini/-
 - Service-specific interface(s)

Preferred Lists – Examples

- <sunw>/manifest/service-dl/META-INF/PREFERRED.LIST

PreferredResources-Version: 1.0

Preferred: true

Name: com/sun/jini/start/*

Preferred: false

Name: com/sun/jini/admin/*

Preferred: false

Name: net/jini/-

Preferred: false

Name: examples/sunw/Service.class

Preferred: false

- <sunw>/manifest/client-dl/META-INF/PREFERRED.LIST

PreferredResources-Version: 1.0

Preferred: true

ClassDep – Service Classpath-A

```
java -cp <jini_home>/lib/tools.jar:<jdk_home>/lib/tools.jar
      com.sun.jini.tools.ClassDep
      -cp <jini_home>/classes:<sunw_home>/classes -files

      -in net.jini -in com.sun.jini -in examples.sunw

      -out net.jini.activation -out net.jini.config
      -out net.jini.constraint -out net.jini.core
      -out net.jini.export      -out net.jini.id
      -out net.jini.iiop        -out net.jini.io
      -out net.jini.jeri        -out net.jini.jrmp
      -out net.jini.loader      -out net.jini.security
      -out net.jini.url         -out com.sun.jini.discovery

      -hide net.jini -hide com.sun.jini

examples.sunw.RemoteServiceImpl          [roots]
examples.sunw.RemoteServiceImpl_Stub
```

ClassDep – Service Classpath-B

```
java -cp <jini_home>/lib/tools.jar:<jdk_home>/lib/tools.jar
      com.sun.jini.tools.ClassDep
      -cp <jini_home>/classes:<sunw_home>/classes -files

      -in net.jini -in com.sun.jini -in examples.sunw

      -out net.jini.activation -out net.jini.config
      -out net.jini.constraint -out net.jini.core
      -out net.jini.export      -out net.jini.id
      -out net.jini.iiop        -out net.jini.io
      -out net.jini.jeri        -out net.jini.jrmp
      -out net.jini.loader      -out net.jini.security
      -out net.jini.url         -out com.sun.jini.discovery

      -hide examples.sunw

examples.sunw.RemoteServiceImpl          [roots]
examples.sunw.RemoteServiceImpl_Stub
```

ClassDep – Service Codebase-A

```
java -cp <jini_home>/lib/tools.jar:<jdk_home>/lib/tools.jar
      com.sun.jini.tools.ClassDep
      -cp <jini_home>/classes:<sunw_home>/classes -files
      -in net.jini -in com.sun.jini -in examples.sunw
      -out net.jini.activation -out net.jini.config
      -out net.jini.constraint -out net.jini.core
      -out net.jini.export      -out net.jini.id
      -out net.jini.iiop        -out net.jini.io
      -out net.jini.jeri        -out net.jini.jrmp
      -out net.jini.loader      -out net.jini.security
      -out net.jini.url         -out com.sun.jini.discovery
      -hide net.jini -hide com.sun.jini
```

<code>examples.sunw.ServiceProxy</code>	<code>[roots]</code>
<code>examples.sunw.AdminProxy</code>	
<code>examples.sunw.RemoteServiceImpl_Stub</code>	
<code>examples.sunw.ProxyVerifier</code>	
<code>net.jini.lookup.entry.Name</code>	
<code>net.jini.lookup.entry.BasicServiceType</code>	

ClassDep – Service Codebase-B

```
java -cp <jini_home>/lib/tools.jar:<jdk_home>/lib/tools.jar
      com.sun.jini.tools.ClassDep
      -cp <jini_home>/classes:<sunw_home>/classes -files
      -in net.jini -in com.sun.jini -in examples.sunw
      -out net.jini.activation -out net.jini.config
      -out net.jini.constraint -out net.jini.core
      -out net.jini.export -out net.jini.id
      -out net.jini.iiop -out net.jini.io
      -out net.jini.jeri -out net.jini.jrmp
      -out net.jini.loader -out net.jini.security
      -out net.jini.url -out com.sun.jini.discovery
      -hide examples.sunw

examples.sunw.ServiceProxy [roots]
examples.sunw.AdminProxy
examples.sunw.RemoteServiceImpl_Stub
examples.sunw.ProxyVerifier
net.jini.lookup.entry.Name
net.jini.lookup.entry.BasicServiceType
```

Packaging The Service

- service.jar

```
cd <sunw_home>/classes  
jar cvf <lib>/service.jar <Classpath-A output>
```

```
cd <jini_home>/classes  
jar uvf <lib>/service.jar <Classpath-B output>
```

- service-dl.jar

```
cd <sunw_home>/classes  
jar cvf <lib>/service-dl.jar -C <manifest>/service-dl/  
META-INF/PREFERRED.LIST <Codebase-A output>
```

```
cd <jini_home>/classes  
jar uvf <lib>/service-dl.jar <Codebase-B output>
```

Configuration

- Service configuration
 - For ServiceStarter
 - <sunw>/<jeri|jrmp|jsse>/config/**start-service.config**
 - For Service
 - <sunw>/<jeri|jrmp|jsse>/config/**service.config**
 - Exporter – for the service
 - Proxy preparer(s) – discovery utilities & JoinManager
- Client configuration
 - <sunw>/<jeri|jrmp|jsse|>/config/**client.config**
 - Exporter – SDM event listener
 - Proxy preparer(s)
 - Lookup service proxy – discovery utilities
 - Service proxy – SDM/cache filter

ServiceStarter Configuration

```
import com.sun.jini.start.NonActivatableServiceDescriptor;
import com.sun.jini.start.ServiceDescriptor;

com.sun.jini.start {

    private static codebase    = "http://<host>:<port>/service-dl.jar";
    private static policy       = "<common>${/}local.policy";
    private static classpath   = "<sunw>${/}lib${/}service.jar";
    private static implName    = "examples.sunw.RemoteServiceImpl";
    private static config       = "<sunw>${/}config${/}service.config";
    private static args         = new String[] { config };

    private sd = new NonActivatableServiceDescriptor
        (codebase,policy,classpath,implName,args);

    static serviceDescriptor = new ServiceDescriptor[] { sd };

}//end com.sun.jini.start
```

Service Configuration (JERI)

```
/* appropriate import statements */

examples.sunw.service {

    private static groupsToJoin = new String[] {"SUNW_Group0",
                                                "SUNW_Group1"};

    static discoveryManager = new LookupDiscoveryManager
        (groupsToJoin,
         new LookupLocator[] {}, null,
         this);

    static serverExporter = new BasicJeriExporter
        (TcpServerEndpoint.getInstance(0),
         new BasicILFactory(),
         false, true);

}//end examples.sunw.service
```

Client Configuration (JRMP)

```
/* appropriate import statements */

examples.sunw.client {

    private static groupsToDiscover =
                    new String[] {"SUNW_Group0",
                                  "SUNW_Group1"};
    private static locsToDiscover = new LookupLocator[]
        { new LookupLocator(ConfigUtil.getHostname(),4160) };

    static discoveryManager = new LookupDiscoveryManager
                                (groupsToDiscover,
                                 locsToDiscover,
                                 null,
                                 this);

} //end examples.sunw.client

net.jini.lookup.ServiceDiscoveryManager {

    static eventListenerExporter = new JrmpExporter();

} //end net.jini.lookup.ServiceDiscoveryManager
```

Security Policy – Guideline

- Trust 'local' code – classpath
 - Code you installed
 - The JDK
 - The starter kit
 - The client or service you wrote/installed
 - Grant all permissions to **specific** classpaths
 - Never use policy.all (grants to all classpaths)
- Do not trust 'foreign' code – codebase
 - Proxy code that executes in your VM
 - Grant permissions only to code from sources whose trust can be verified
 - Trusted principals
 - Grant no more than what's necessary

JERI/JRMP Security Policy

- Grant all permissions to local classpath
- Do not grant permissions to codebase (*-dl.jar files)

```
grant codebase "file:<jini-lib>/jsk-platform.jar {  
    permission java.security.AllPermission "", "";  
};  
grant codebase "file:<jini-lib>/start.jar {  
    permission java.security.AllPermission "", "";  
};  
grant codebase "file:<sunw-lib>/sunw-service.jar {  
    permission java.security.AllPermission "", "";  
};  
grant codebase "file:<sunw-lib>/sunw-client.jar {  
    permission java.security.AllPermission "", "";  
};
```

JERI, JRMP Command Lines

- Starting the service and client

```
<java-home>/bin/java -cp <jini-lib>/start.jar
-Djava.security.manager=
-Djava.security.policy=<common>/local.policy
-Djava.security.policy=<common>/jini.logging
[-Djava.rmi.server.hostname=<hostname>]
[-Djava.security.debug=access,failure]
com.sun.jini.start.ServiceStarter
                                         <sunw>/sunw-service.config
[optional config override values]
```

```
<java-home>/bin/java -cp <jini-lib>/jsk-platform.jar:
                                         <sunw-lib>/sunw-client.jar
-Djava.security.manager=
-Djava.security.policy=<common>/local.policy
-Djava.security.policy=<common>/jini.logging
[-Djava.rmi.server.hostname=<hostname>]
[-Djava.security.debug=access,failure]
examples.sunw.Client <sunw>/sunw-client.config
[optional config override values]
```

A Strategy For Debugging

- Start the Jini infrastructure
 - HTTP server
 - Lookup service (if activatable, start Phoenix)
 - Browser
 - Should be stable, no need to shutdown
- Start the service
 - Verify with Browser
 - Shutdown administratively with Browser
 - When satisfied, leave it up
- Start the client
 - Use the client to test the service
 - Client typically comes and goes



Deploying For Secure Remote Communication Using JERI/JSSE



Network Security Requirements

- Provide basic network security for **remote calls**
 - Mutual authentication (client and server)
 - Authorization (access control)
 - Object Integrity (cryptographic checksums)
 - Confidentiality (encryption)
- Provide a security model that addresses **downloaded code**
- Integrate with the J2SE security model
- Configure network security at deployment time

Secure Remote Call Model

- Obtain a proxy from somewhere
- Perform 'proxy preparation'
 - Verify that you can trust the proxy
 - Attach constraints to the proxy
 - Grant necessary permissions to the proxy
- Make remote calls through the proxy

Configuring For Network Security

- **Exporters** for remote objects
 - Service backend, remote listener backend, etc.
 - Set only integrity as an invocation constraint
 - For flexibility, base server-side access control on Java policy
 - Don't specify client principal constraints
- **Preparers** for received proxies
 - Service proxies, leases, listener proxies, etc.
 - Set server principal constraints
 - Integrity, client authentication, server authentication, ServerMinPrincipal

Server Authentication

- Saying YES is not enough
- Need to control **who** server authenticates as
- Use ServerMinPrincipal constraint to control who
 - As at least KerberosPrincipal “joe@realm”
 - As at least X500Principal “CN=Jack”
 - As at least GroupPrincipal “admin”

ServiceStarter Configuration

```
import com.sun.jini.start.NonActivatableServiceDescriptor;
import com.sun.jini.start.ServiceDescriptor;
import net.jini.url.httpmd.HttpmdUtil;

com.sun.jini.start {

    private static codebase = HttpmdUtil.computeDigestCodebase
        ("<jini-lib>",
         "httpmd://<host>:<port>/service-dl.jar;sha=0");
    private static policy     = "<sunw>${/}service.policy";
    private static classpath  = "<sunw>${/}lib${/}service.jar";
    private static implName   = "examples.sunw.RemoteServiceImpl";
    private static config      = "<sunw>${/}config${/}service.config";
    private static args        = new String[] { config };

    private sd = new NonActivatableServiceDescriptor
        (codebase,policy,classpath,implName,args);

    static serviceDescriptor = new ServiceDescriptor[] { sd };

}//end com.sun.jini.start
```

Service Configuration (JSSE)

```
/* appropriate import statements */

shared.entries {

    1.) Retrieve principals from the public key truststore:
        -- service, lookup, browser, client --
    2.) Configure registrarPreparer for discovery utilities

}//end shared.entries

examples.sunw.service {

    1.) Configure serverExporter used to export the service
    2.) Configure loginContext (Subject, private key info)
    3.) Service-specific items: discoveryManager

}//end examples.sunw.service

.....
```

Service Configuration (JSSE)

.....

```
net.jini.discovery.LookupDiscovery {  
    registrarPreparer = shared.entries.registrarPreparer;  
}//end net.jini.discovery.LookupDiscovery
```

```
net.jini.discovery.LookupLocatorDiscovery {  
    registrarPreparer = shared.entries.registrarPreparer;  
}//end net.jini.discovery.LookupLocatorDiscovery
```

```
net.jini.lookup.JoinManager {  
  
    1.) Configure preparers: registrar, registration,  
        serviceLease  
  
}//end net.jini.lookup.JoinManager
```

Shared Entries

```
shared.entries {  
  
    /* Retrieve all required principals from truststore */  
  
    private registrarConstraints =  
        new BasicMethodConstraints(new InvocationConstraints  
            ( new InvocationConstraint[]  
                { Integrity.YES,  
                    ClientAuthentication.YES,  
                    ServerAuthentication.YES,  
                    new ServerMinPrincipal(reggiePrincipal)  
                },  
            null)//preferences  
    );  
    private dynamicPermissions = new Permission[]  
        { new AuthenticationPermission(servicePrincipal,  
                                         reggiePrincipal,  
                                         "connect") };  
    registrarPreparer = new BasicProxyPreparer  
        (true, //verify trust  
         registrarConstraints,  
         dynamicPermissions);  
} //end shared.entries
```

Exporter And Login

```
examples.sunw.service {

    private serviceEndpoint = SslServerEndpoint.getInstance(0);
    private serviceConstraints =
        new BasicMethodConstraints
            (new InvocationConstraints
                (new InvocationConstraint[]{Integrity.YES},
                 null)//preferences
            );
}

private serviceILFactory = new ProxyTrustILFactory
    (serviceConstraints,
     RemoteServicePermission.class);

serverExporter = new BasicJeriExporter(serviceEndpoint,
                                         serviceILFactory);

loginContext = new LoginContext("sunw-service.jaas.login");

static discoveryManager = LookupDiscoveryManager(...);

}//end examples.sunw.service
```

For JoinManager

```
net.jini.lookup.JoinManager {  
  
    /* No need for verification, constraints, or permissions */  
    registrarPreparer = new BasicProxyPreparer();  
  
    /* Secondary proxies only need constraints set */  
    registrationPreparer = new BasicProxyPreparer  
        (false,  
         shared.entries.registrarConstraints,  
         null);  
  
    serviceLeasePreparer = new BasicProxyPreparer  
        (false,  
         shared.entries.registrarConstraints,  
         null);  
  
} //end net.jini.lookup.JoinManager
```

Client Configuration (JSSE)

```
/* appropriate import statements */

shared.entries {
    /* similar to shared entries for service configuration */
}//end shared.entries

examples.sunw.client {

    1.) Configure servicePreparer
    2.) Configure loginContext (for Subject, private key info)
    3.) Service-specific items: discoveryManager

}//end examples.sunw.service

/* discovery utility blocks same as for service configuration */

net.jini.lookup.ServiceDiscoveryManager {

    1.) Configure exporter: eventListener
    2.) Configure preparers: registrar, eventLease

}//end net.jini.lookup.ServiceDiscoveryManager
```

Service Preparer And Login

```
examples.sunw.client {  
  
    private serviceProxyConstraints =  
        new BasicMethodConstraints(new InvocationConstraints  
        (new InvocationConstraint[]  
            { Integrity.YES,  
                ClientAuthentication.YES,  
                ServerAuthentication.YES,  
                new ServerMinPrincipal(shared.entries.servicePrincipal)  
            },  
            null)//preferences  
    );  
    private dynamicPermissions = new Permission[]  
    {new AuthenticationPermission(shared.entries.clientPrincipal,  
                                shared.entries.servicePrincipal,  
                                "connect")};  
    servicePreparer = new BasicProxyPreparer  
        (true, //verify trust  
         serviceProxyConstraints,  
         dynamicPermissions);  
    loginContext = new LoginContext("sunw-client.jaas.login");  
    static discoveryManager = LookupDiscoveryManager(...);  
  
} //end examples.sunw.client
```

For ServiceDiscoveryManager

```
net.jini.lookup.ServiceDiscoveryManager {  
  
    private listenerEndpoint = SslServerEndpoint.getInstance(0);  
    private listenerConstraints =  
        new BasicMethodConstraints  
            (new InvocationConstraints  
                (new InvocationConstraint[] {Integrity.YES},  
                 null) //preferences  
            );  
    private serviceILFactory = new ProxyTrustILFactory  
        (listenerConstraints,  
         AccessPermission.class);  
  
    eventListenerExporter = new BasicJeriExporter  
        (serviceEndpoint,  
         serviceILFactory);  
    registrarPreparer = new BasicProxyPreparer();  
    eventLeasePreparer =  
        new BasicProxyPreparer  
            (false, shared.entries.registrarConstraints, null);  
  
} //end net.jini.lookup.ServiceDiscoveryManager
```

CheckConfigurationFile Tool

- Checks your configuration for errors
 - Provide an entry description file for each block

```
<java-home>/bin/java -cp <jini-lib>/tools.jar
  com.sun.jini.tool.CheckConfigurationFile
  -cp <jini-lib>/jsk-platform.jar:
    <jini-lib>/jini-ext.jar:
    <sunw-lib>/sunw-service.jar
  -entries <jini-home>/configentry/LookupDiscovery:
            <jini-home>/configentry/LookupLocatorDiscovery:
            <jini-home>/configentry/JoinManager:
            <sunw>/configentry/shared-entries:
            <sunw>/configentry/sunw-service
<sunw>/sunw-service.config
```

Security Policy – Guideline

- Trust 'local' code – classpath
 - Code you installed
 - Grant all permissions to **specific** classpaths
 - Never use policy.all (grants to all classpaths)
- Do not trust 'foreign' code – codebase
 - Grant permissions only to code from sources whose trust can be verified
 - Trusted principals
- Server side access control based on Java policy, not client principal constraints

Service Security Policy (JSSE)

```
keystore "file:<common>/sunw.truststore;

grant codebase "file:<jini-lib>/jsk-platform.jar {
    permission java.security.AllPermission "", "";
};

grant codebase "file:<sunw-lib>/sunw-service.jar {
    permission java.security.AllPermission "", "";
};

grant principal "sunw-client" {
    permission examples.sunw.RemoteServicePermission
                "getProxyVerifier";
    permission examples.sunw.RemoteServicePermission
                "getPrice";
};

grant principal "sunw-browser" {
    permission examples.sunw.RemoteServicePermission
                "getProxyVerifier";
    permission examples.sunw.RemoteServicePermission
                "getAdmin";
    .....
    permission examples.sunw.RemoteServicePermission
                "destroy";
};
```

Client Security Policy (JSSE)

```
keystore "file:<common>/sunw.truststore;

grant codebase "file:<jini-lib>/jsk-platform.jar {
    permission java.security.AllPermission "", "";
};

grant codebase "file:<sunw-lib>/sunw-client.jar {
    permission java.security.AllPermission "", "";
};

grant principal "sunw-reggie" {
    permission net.jini.security.AccessPermission "notify";
};
```

Service Command Line (JSSE)

```
<java-home>/bin/java -cp <jini-lib>/start.jar
-Djava.security.manager=
-Djava.security.policy=<common>/local.policy

-Djava.security.auth.login.config=<sunw>/service.login
-Djavax.net.ssl.trustStore=<common>/sunw.truststore
-Djava.protocol.handler.pkgs=net.jini.url
-Djava.security.properties=
    <common>/dynamic-policy.properties

-Djava.security.policy=<common>/jini.logging
[-Djava.rmi.server.hostname=<hostname>]
[-Djava.security.debug=access,failure]
com.sun.jini.start.ServiceStarter
    <sunw>/sunw-service.config
    [optional config override values]
```

Client Command Line (JSSE)

```
<java-home>/bin/java -cp <jini-lib>/jsk-platform.jar:  
                      <sunw-lib>/sunw-client.jar  
-Djava.security.manager=  
-Djava.security.policy=<sunw>/client.policy  
  
-Djava.security.auth.login.config=<sunw>/client.login  
-Djavax.net.ssl.trustStore=<common>/sunw.truststore  
-Djava.protocol.handler.pkgs=net.jini.url  
-Djava.security.properties=  
                      <common>/dynamic-policy.properties  
  
-Djava.security.policy=<common>/jini.logging  
[-Djava.rmi.server.hostname=<hostname>]  
[-Djava.security.debug=access,failure]  
examples.sunw.Client <sunw>/sunw-client.config  
[optional config override values]
```

Some Random Debugging Tips

- Set `net.jini.jeri.level = FAILED - FINE`
 - 'Dynamic grants not supported'
 - Extenstions directory may not contain jsk-policy.jar
 - May be missing policy provider
 - Look for typo in -Djava.security.properties value
 - 'access denied (AccessPermission notify)'
 - May not be logging in (correctly)
 - Verify loginContext is configured correctly
 - Look for problems with config file name specification
 - 'unsupported constraint' - (null Subject)
 - Code executed outside of Subject.doAsPrivileged?
- Use `DebugDynamicPolicyProvider` tool

Debug Policy Strategies

- Debug/refine existing policy
 - Set ..grantAll = **false**
 - Stops on first unhandled 'access denied' encounter
 - Set logging level = FINE or FINER
 - Logs missing permissions with stack trace for context
 - Output more useful than old trial-and-error method
- Populate 'empty' policy
 - Set ..grantAll = **true**
 - Doesn't stop, logs missing permissions and continues
 - Set net.jini.security.policy.level = WARNING/FINE
 - WARNING gives cleaner output, but stack trace from FINE might tell you 'why' permission is needed
 - Get first cut at policy, then use ..grantAll=false

Debug Policy Usage

- Get JAR from starterkit-examples project
 - <install>/src/com/sun/jini/tool/lib20/debugpolicy.jar
 - Copy debugpolicy.jar to <jdk>/jre/lib/ext directory
- Create policy provider properties file
 - <common>/debug-policy.properties
 - policy.provider=**
com.sun.jini.tool.DebugDynamicPolicyProvider
com.sun.jini.tool.DebugDynamicPolicyProvider.
grantAll=true (or false)
- Set logging level to WARNING or FINE
 - net.jini.security.policy.level
- Tell the VM what policy provider to use
 - Djava.security.properties=
<common>/debug-policy.properties

Example Command Line

```
<java-home>/bin/java -cp <jini-lib>/jsk-platform.jar:  
                      <sunw-lib>/sunw-client.jar  
-Djava.security.manager=  
-Djava.security.policy=<sunw>/client.policy  
  
-Djava.security.auth.login.config=<sunw>/client.login  
-Djavax.net.ssl.trustStore=<common>/sunw.truststore  
-Djava.protocol.handler.pkgs=net.jini.url  
-Djava.security.properties=  
                      <common>/debug-policy.properties  
  
-Djava.security.policy=<common>/jini.logging  
[-Djava.rmi.server.hostname=<hostname>]  
[-Djava.security.debug=access,failure]  
examples.sunw.Client <sunw>/sunw-client.config  
                      [optional config override values]
```



Wrap Up



We make the net work.

Summary – Some Useful Tips

- Think of development and deployment as separate activities
 - Many learning curve issues are related to deployment, not development
 - The line often blurs in places
- Develop with deployment in mind
 - Exploit runtime configuration
 - Pluggable protocols (JRMP, JERI, HTTP, JSSE, etc.)
 - Don't hard code (especially exporters or preparers)
 - Always ready for security
 - Login context
 - Exporters
 - Proxy preparers

More Tips

- Build for deployment
 - Preferred classes
 - ClassDep tool
 - Packaging: <app>.jar/<app>-dl.jar
- A debug strategy to consider
 - Start Jini infrastructure and leave it up
 - HTTPD
 - Lookup service (Phoenix if activatable)
 - Browser for visibility and administrative shutdown
 - Service generally long lived
 - Make administrable for graceful shutdown
 - Client usually less long lived (at least for debug)
 - User controlled (GUI, prompt user, etc.)

Still More Tips

- Explicitly export your remote objects
 - Secure configurations: base server-side access control on Java policy not client principal constraints
- Always prepare received proxies
 - Helper utilities provide much relief
 - For SDM/cache: pass proxy preparer as filter
 - Secure configurations: set server principal constraints – integrity, client authentication, server authentication, ServerMinPrincipal
- Useful debug tools
 - CheckConfigurationFile
 - DebugDynamicPolicyProvider

References

- Starter kit manpages
 - <jini>/doc/api/com/sun/jini/tool
 - ClassDep.html
 - CheckConfigurationFile.html
 - <jini>/doc/api/com/sun/jini/start
 - package-summary.html (ServiceStarter)
- Policy file syntax
 - [http://java.sun.com/j2se/1.4./docs/guide
/security/PolicyFiles.html](http://java.sun.com/j2se/1.4./docs/guide/security/PolicyFiles.html)
- Hello world example in the starter kit
- Example projects on www.jini.org
 - starterkit-examples
 - user-btmurphy



Development And Deployment Using The Jini™ Network Technology Starter Kit – Tips, Tools, And Idioms

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